



Antimicrobial resistance targets Bulgaria

Target achieved Progress Regress



Reduce by 18% the total consumption of antibiotics in humans

Defined daily doses (DDDs) per 1 000 inhabitants per day

2019 baseline	20.07	-
2022	25.7	+24.1%
2030 TARGET	17.0	-18%



At least 65% of the total consumption of antibiotics in humans belongs to the 'Access' group of antibiotics

As defined in the AWaRe classification of the WHO

2019 baseline	45.1%	-
2022	40.7%	-4.4% *
2030 TARGET	65%	+19.9% *

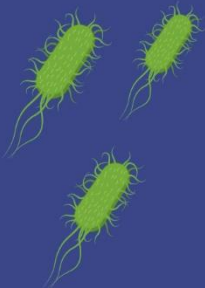
*Percentage point difference from 2019.



Reduce by 3% the total incidence of bloodstream infections with meticillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA)

Number per 100 000 population

2019 baseline	1.43	-
2022	0.85	-40.3%
2030 TARGET	1.39	-3%



Maintain at baseline level the total incidence of bloodstream infections with third-generation cephalosporin-resistant *Escherichia coli*

Number per 100 000 population

2019 baseline	4.0	-
2022	2.9	-27.7%
2030 TARGET	4.0	-



Reduce by 4% the total incidence of bloodstream infections with carbapenem-resistant *Klebsiella pneumoniae*

Number per 100 000 population

2019 baseline	2.2	-
2022	3.9	+74.9%
2030 TARGET	2.1	-4%