






France

	Target achieved	Progress	Regress
 <p>Reduce by 27% the total consumption of antibiotics in humans</p> <p>Defined daily doses (DDDs) per 1 000 inhabitants per day</p>	2019 baseline	25.1	-
	2023	24.1	-4.1%
	2030 TARGET	18.3	-27%
 <p>At least 65% of the total consumption of antibiotics in humans belongs to the 'Access' group of antibiotics</p> <p>As defined in the AWaRe classification of the WHO</p> <p><small>*Percentage point difference from 2019.</small></p>	2019 baseline	72.0%	-
	2023	72.7%	+0.7%*
	2030 TARGET	65%	-
 <p>Reduce by 18% the total incidence of bloodstream infections with meticillin-resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (MRSA)</p> <p>Number per 100 000 population</p>	2019 baseline	5.6	-
	2023	No data	Not applicable
	2030 TARGET	4.6	-18%
 <p>Reduce by 10% the total incidence of bloodstream infections with third-generation cephalosporin-resistant <i>Escherichia coli</i></p> <p>Number per 100 000 population</p>	2019 baseline	8.6	-
	2023	No data	Not applicable
	2030 TARGET	7.7	-10%
 <p>Reduce by 2% the total incidence of bloodstream infections with carbapenem-resistant <i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i></p> <p>Number per 100 000 population</p>	2019 baseline	0.22	-
	2023	No data	Not applicable
	2030 TARGET	0.216	-2%

i- Council Recommendation targets on stepping up EU actions to combat antimicrobial resistance in a One Health approach (2023/C 220/01)

ii- Full data available in [ECDC Annual Epidemiological Reports](#) on antimicrobial resistance and antimicrobial consumption