EUROPEAN ANTIBIOTIC AWARENESS DAY
A EUROPEAN HEALTH INITIATIVE

Progress towards 2030 targets[i] to combat antimicrobial resistance -2026 update[ii]-

(2025 data)

ecdc
EUROPEAN CENTRE FOR DISEASE PREVENTION AND CONTROL

Estonia

Target achieved | Progress | Regress

Reduce by 3% the total consumption of antibiotics in humans Defined daily doses (DDDs) per 1 000 inhabitants per day	2019 baseline	11.8	-
	2025	12.6	+7%
	2030 TARGET	11.4	-3% from 2019 baseline
At least 65% of the total consumption of antibiotics in humans belongs to the 'Access' group of antibiotics As defined in the AWaRe classification of the WHO *Percentage point difference from 2019.	2019 baseline	61.3%	-
	2025	64.7%	+3.3%*
	2030 TARGET	65%	+3.7%*
Reduce by 3% the total incidence of bloodstream infections with meticillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA) Number per 100 000 population	2019 baseline	0.83	-
	2025	1.68	+102%
	2030 TARGET	0.81	-3% from 2019 baseline
Reduce by 10% the total incidence of bloodstream infections with third-generation cephalosporin-resistant *Escherichia coli* Number per 100 000 population	2019 baseline	7.93	-
	2025	9.27	+16.9%
	2030 TARGET	7.14	-10% from 2019 baseline
Maintain at baseline level the total incidence of bloodstream infections with carbapenem-resistant *Klebsiella pneumoniae* Number per 100 000 population *For a baseline of 0, it was not possible to calculate the percentage of increase	2019 baseline	0	-
	2025	0.44	Not applicable *
	2030 TARGET	0	-

i- Council Recommendation targets on stepping up EU actions to combat antimicrobial resistance in a One Health approach (2023/C 220/01)
ii- Full data available in ECDC Annual Epidemiological Reports on antimicrobial resistance and antimicrobial consumption