






Czechia

		Target achieved	Progress	Regress
 <p>Reduce by 9% the total consumption of antibiotics in humans</p> <p>Defined daily doses (DDDs) per 1 000 inhabitants per day</p>	2019 baseline	16.9	-	
	2023	18.1	+7.2%	
	2030 TARGET	15.4	-9%	
 <p>At least 65% of the total consumption of antibiotics in humans belongs to the 'Access' group of antibiotics</p> <p>As defined in the AWaRe classification of the WHO</p> <p><small>*Percentage point difference from 2019.</small></p>	2019 baseline	60.2%	-	
	2023	60.6%	+0.4%*	
	2030 TARGET	65%	+4.8%*	
 <p>Reduce by 6% the total incidence of bloodstream infections with meticillin-resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (MRSA)</p> <p>Number per 100 000 population</p>	2019 baseline	3.06	-	
	2023	2.92	-4.6%	
	2030 TARGET	2.88	-6%	
 <p>Reduce by 5% the total incidence of bloodstream infections with third-generation cephalosporin-resistant <i>Escherichia coli</i></p> <p>Number per 100 000 population</p>	2019 baseline	6.6	-	
	2023	8.2	+24.2%	
	2030 TARGET	6.2	-5%	
 <p>Reduce by 2% the total incidence of bloodstream infections with carbapenem-resistant <i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i></p> <p>Number per 100 000 population</p>	2019 baseline	0.09	-	
	2023	0.26	+189%	
	2030 TARGET	0.088	-2%	

i- Council Recommendation targets on stepping up EU actions to combat antimicrobial resistance in a One Health approach (2023/C 220/01)

ii- Full data available in [ECDC Annual Epidemiological Reports](#) on antimicrobial resistance and antimicrobial consumption