

## **Antimicrobial resistance targets** -2024 update<sup>ii</sup>-



## **Croatia**

		Target achieved Progress Regress		
	Reduce by 9% the total consumption of antibiotics in humans	2019 baseline	18.8	
		2023	21.2	+12.9%
	Defined daily doses (DDDs) per 1 000 inhabitants per day	2030 TARGET	17.1	-9%
	At least 65% of the total consumption of antibiotics in humans belongs to the 'Access' group of antibiotics  As defined in the AWaRe classification of the WHO	2019 baseline	62.7%	-
		2023	60.7%	-2.0%*
*Percentage point difference from 2019.		2030 TARGET	65%	+2.3%*
<b>3</b> 32	Reduce by 6% the total incidence of bloodstream infections with meticillin-resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (MRSA)	2019 baseline	2.7	
		2023	6.4	+133%
	Number per 100 000 population	2030 TARGET	2.6	-6%
	Maintain at baseline level the total incidence of bloodstream infections with third-generation cephalosporin-resistant <i>Escherichia coli</i> Number per 100 000 population	2019 baseline	5.3	-
		2023	7.6	+42.4%
		2030 TARGET	5.3	-
888	Reduce by 4% the total incidence of bloodstream infections with carbapenem-resistant Klebsiella pneumoniae  Number per 100 000 population	2019 baseline	1.2	
		2023	4.5	+278%
		2030 TARGET	1.15	-4%

Council Recommendation targets on stepping up EU actions to combat antimicrobial resistance in a One Health approach (2023/C 220/01)