



# Antimicrobial resistance targets Latvia

Target achieved Progress Regress



Reduce by 9% the total consumption of antibiotics in humans

Defined daily doses (DDDs) per 1 000 inhabitants per day

2019 baseline

13.9

-

2022

15

+7.8%

2030 TARGET

12.6

-9%

2019 baseline

68.6%

-

2022

70.9%

+2.3%  
\*

2030 TARGET

65%

-

At least 65% of the total consumption of antibiotics in humans belongs to the 'Access' group of antibiotics

As defined in the AWaRe classification of the WHO

\*Percentage point difference from 2019.



Reduce by 6% the total incidence of bloodstream infections with meticillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA)

Number per 100 000 population

2019 baseline

1.9

-

2022

2.2

+14.8%

2030 TARGET

1.8

-6%



Maintain at baseline level the total incidence of bloodstream infections with third-generation cephalosporin-resistant *Escherichia coli*

Number per 100 000 population

2019 baseline

5.0

-

2022

5.7

+14.1%

2030 TARGET

5.0

-

Maintain at baseline level the total incidence of bloodstream infections with carbapenem-resistant *Klebsiella pneumoniae*

Number per 100 000 population

2019 baseline

0.00

-

2022

0.47

NA  
\*

2030 TARGET

0.00

-



\*For baseline 0.00 it was not possible to calculate percentage of increase